

Outcomes in a conference on new medical service system for H1N1 and H5N1 influenza pandemics.

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'Conference on Medical Service System for New Influenza Pandemic' was carried out on October 11, 2009, in the University of Tokyo, Japan by our Japanese members in 'Union of Risk Management for Preventive Medicine (URMPM)' with over 700 medical practitioners. The conference consisted of several keynote lectures and a symposium, to clarify a suitable medical service system for present and coming pandemics of new influenzas. Followings are the outcomes in the international perspectives.

1. Swine flu pandemic (H1N1) is proposed as a typical example for improvement of national and global medical service system in a case of crisis management problem.
2. The key concept in crisis management is 'information management'. And the medical information delivery system should be operated by local government, of which targets are local medical sectors, there.
3. The local government respective and the local leader are the key persons to manage the local health service in a case of crisis management, well.
4. A local networking among medical sectors generates bigger accessibility of larger patient cluster in a pandemic phase.
5. A risk of H5N1 Avian flu is over 50% mortality, and the flu is endemic in some Asian countries. This flu could generate the catastrophic crisis if it comes in such a country with a high density population. Complete destroy of this flu in the present endemic countries is the best and only one way for human sustainability in our planet. The global cooperation is clearly urgent.